

PRODUCT MONOGRAPH
INCLUDING PATIENT MEDICATION INFORMATION

AREXVY

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Vaccine (recombinant, AS01_E adjuvanted)

120 micrograms Respiratory Syncytial Virus glycoprotein F (RSVPreF3)

Lyophilized Powder and Suspension for Reconstitution

Reconstituted Suspension for Intramuscular Injection

Active Immunizing Agent

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Date of Initial Approval:
August 4, 2023

Submission Control Number: 269021

RECENT MAJOR LABEL CHANGES

New Vaccine Product Monograph	08/2023
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sections or subsections that are not applicable at the time of authorization are not listed.

RECENT MAJOR LABEL CHANGES	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	2
PART I: HEALTH PROFESSIONAL INFORMATION	4
1 INDICATIONS	4
1.1 Pediatrics.....	4
1.2 Geriatrics.....	4
2 CONTRAINDICATIONS	4
4 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION	4
4.2 Recommended Dose and Dosage Adjustment	4
4.3 Reconstitution.....	4
4.4 Administration	5
5 OVERDOSAGE	6
6 DOSAGE FORMS, STRENGTHS, COMPOSITION AND PACKAGING	6
7 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS	7
7.1 Special Populations.....	8
7.1.1 Pregnant Women.....	8
7.1.2 Breast-feeding.....	8
7.1.3 Pediatrics.....	8
7.1.4 Geriatrics.....	8
8 ADVERSE REACTIONS	8
8.1 Adverse Reaction Overview	8
8.2 Clinical Trial Adverse Reactions	9
9 DRUG INTERACTIONS	13
9.4 Drug-Drug Interactions	13
10 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY	13

10.1	Mechanism of Action	13
11	STORAGE, STABILITY AND DISPOSAL.....	13
12	SPECIAL HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS.....	13
PART II: SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION		14
13	PHARMACEUTICAL INFORMATION	14
14	CLINICAL TRIALS	15
14.1	Clinical Trials by Indication	15
14.3	Immunogenicity	17
15	MICROBIOLOGY	18
16	NON-CLINICAL TOXICOLOGY	18
PATIENT MEDICATION INFORMATION		19

PART I: HEALTH PROFESSIONAL INFORMATION

1 INDICATIONS

AREXVY (Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine Recombinant, Adjuvanted) is a vaccine indicated for the prevention of lower respiratory tract disease (LRTD) caused by respiratory syncytial virus in adults 60 years of age and older.

1.1 Pediatrics

The safety and efficacy of AREXVY in individuals under 18 years of age have not been assessed in clinical trials.

1.2 Geriatrics

Clinical studies include participants 65 years of age and older and their data contributes to the overall assessment of safety and efficacy of AREXVY. See [8 ADVERSE REACTIONS](#) and [14 CLINICAL TRIALS](#).

2 CONTRAINDICATIONS

AREXVY is contraindicated in individuals who are hypersensitive to the active ingredients or to any ingredients in the formulation, including any non-medicinal ingredients, or components of the container. For a complete listing, see [6 DOSAGE FORMS, STRENGTHS, COMPOSITION AND PACKAGING](#).

4 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

4.2 Recommended Dose and Dosage Adjustment

AREXVY is administered as a single dose of 0.5 mL, containing both antigen and adjuvant components.

4.3 Reconstitution

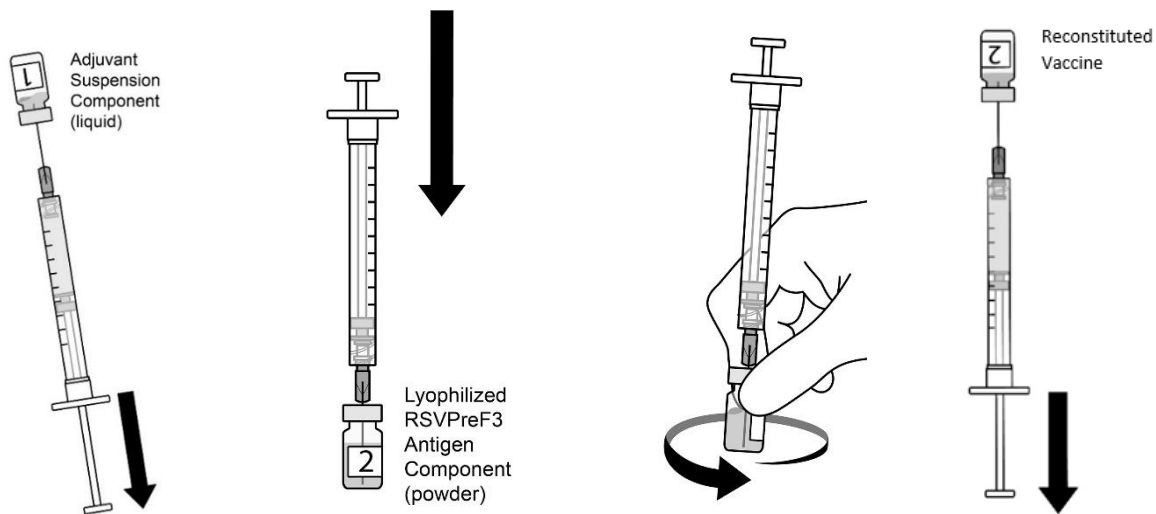
AREXVY is to be reconstituted only with the accompanying adjuvant suspension.

- The powder and suspension of AREXVY should be inspected visually for any foreign particulate matter and/or variation of appearance. If either is observed, do not reconstitute the vaccine.
- AREXVY must not be mixed with other medicinal products, vaccines or diluents.

AREXVY is supplied in 2 vials that must be combined prior to administration using the 4- step process illustrated in Figure 1 below. Prepare AREXVY by reconstituting the lyophilized RSVPreF3 antigen (powder, Vial 2 (mustard-coloured cap)) with the accompanying AS01_E adjuvant suspension (liquid, Vial 1 (brown cap)).

Use only the supplied adjuvant suspension (liquid, Vial 1 (brown cap)) for reconstitution.

Figure 1 Reconstitution Instructions



Step 1. Cleanse both vial stoppers. Using a sterile needle and sterile syringe, withdraw the entire contents of the vial containing the adjuvant suspension component (liquid) by slightly tilting the vial. Vial 1 of 2 (brown cap vial).

Step 2. Slowly transfer entire contents of syringe into the lyophilized RSVPreF3 antigen component vial (powder). Vial 2 of 2 (mustard-coloured cap vial).

Step 3. Gently swirl the vial until powder is completely dissolved. **Do not shake vigorously.**

Step 4. After reconstitution, using a new needle of suitable gauge and length for intramuscular vaccination, withdraw 0.5 mL of the reconstituted vaccine into the syringe and administer **intramuscularly.**

The reconstituted vaccine should be an opalescent, colorless to pale brownish liquid.

Parenteral drug products should be inspected visually for particulate matter and/or variation of appearance (e.g., discoloration) prior to administration, whenever solution and container permit. If either of these conditions exists, the vaccine should not be administered.

After reconstitution, administer AREXVY promptly or store in the refrigerator (2°C – 8°C) or at room temperature up to 25°C for use within 4 hours. If not used within 4 hours, the reconstituted vaccine should be discarded (see [11 STORAGE, STABILITY, AND DISPOSAL](#)).

4.4 Administration

AREXVY is for intramuscular injection only, preferably in the deltoid muscle. Do not administer the vaccine intravascularly or intradermally. No data are available on subcutaneous administration of AREXVY.

Any unused AREXVY should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

5 OVERDOSAGE

For management of a suspected drug overdose, contact your regional poison control centre.

6 DOSAGE FORMS, STRENGTHS, COMPOSITION AND PACKAGING

To help ensure the traceability of vaccines for patient immunization record-keeping as well as safety monitoring, health professionals should record the time and date of administration, quantity of administered dose (if applicable), anatomical site and route of administration, brand name and generic name of the vaccine, the product lot number and expiry date.

Table 1 – Dosage Form, Strength, Composition and Packaging

Route of Administration	Dosage Form/Strength/Composition	Non-Medicinal Ingredients
Intramuscular Injection	<p>Powder for Reconstitution, Reconstituted Suspension for Injection</p> <p>Each 0.5 mL dose of AREXVY contains 120 micrograms of Respiratory Syncytial Virus PreF3 (RSVPreF3) glycoprotein F antigen¹</p> <p>After reconstitution, AREXVY is a sterile, opalescent, colorless to pale brownish liquid.</p>	<p>Cholesterol, dioleoyl phosphatidylcholine, dipotassium phosphate, disodium phosphate anhydrous, MPL², polysorbate 80, potassium dihydrogen phosphate, QS-21², sodium chloride, trehalose dihydrate, and water for injection.</p> <p>AREXVY* contains no preservatives. The vial stoppers are not made with natural rubber latex. See Packaging below for more information.</p>

*Each dose may also contain residual amounts of host cell proteins ($\leq 2.0\%$) and DNA (≤ 0.80 ng/mg) from the manufacturing process.

Dosage Form

AREXVY is a suspension for injection supplied as a lyophilized antigen powder that is reconstituted with the accompanying adjuvant suspension. A single dose after reconstitution is 0.5 mL. The lyophilized antigen powder is white. The reconstituted suspension is an opalescent, colourless to pale brownish liquid.

Composition

After reconstitution, one dose (0.5 mL) contains:

Respiratory Syncytial Virus PreF3 (RSVPreF3) ¹	120 mcg
<i>Quillaja saponaria</i> Molina, fraction 21 (QS-21) ²	25 mcg
3-O-desacyl-4'-monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL) ²	25 mcg

¹ Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) glycoprotein F stabilized in the pre-fusion conformation (RSVPreF3) produced by recombinant DNA technology in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells.

² The GlaxoSmithKline proprietary AS01E Adjuvant System is composed of the plant extract *Quillaja saponaria* Molina, fraction 21 (QS-21) (25 micrograms) and 3-O-desacyl-4'-monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL) from *Salmonella minnesota* (25 micrograms).

Excipients

Powder (antigen):

Trehalose dihydrate

Polysorbate 80

Potassium dihydrogen phosphate

Dipotassium phosphate

Suspension (adjuvant):

Dioleoyl phosphatidylcholine

Cholesterol

Sodium chloride

Disodium phosphate, anhydrous

Potassium dihydrogen phosphate

Water for injection

Packaging

AREXVY is available in a 1-pack (1 single-dose vial of powder and 1 single-dose vial of suspension) and a 10-pack (10 single-dose vials of powder and 10 single-dose vials of suspension).

Each 1-pack (box) contains:

- 1 dose of the lyophilized antigen (powder) in a type I glass, single-dose vial with a mustard-coloured vial cap and a butyl rubber stopper.
- 1 dose of the adjuvant (suspension) in a type I glass, single-dose vial with a brown vial cap and a butyl rubber stopper.

Each 10-pack (box) contains:

- 10 doses of the lyophilized antigen (powder) in a type I glass, single-dose vial with a mustard-coloured vial cap and a butyl rubber stopper.
- 10 doses of the adjuvant (suspension) in a type I glass, single-dose vial with a brown vial cap and a butyl rubber stopper.

7 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

General

As with other vaccines, vaccination with AREXVY should be postponed in individuals suffering from an acute severe febrile illness. The presence of a minor infection, such as a cold, should not result in the deferral of vaccination.

Syncope (fainting) can occur following, or even before, any vaccination as a psychogenic response to the needle injection. It is important that procedures are in place to avoid injury from faints.

As with all injectable vaccines, appropriate medical treatment and supervision should always be readily available in case of an anaphylactic event following the administration of the vaccine.

Driving and Operating Machinery

No studies on the effects of AREXVY on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed. Exercise caution when driving or operating a vehicle or potentially dangerous machinery.

Hematologic

As with other vaccines administered intramuscularly, AREXVY should be given with caution to individuals with thrombocytopenia or any coagulation disorder since bleeding may occur following an intramuscular administration to these individuals.

Immune

As with any vaccine, a protective immune response may not be elicited in all vaccinees.

Safety and immunogenicity data on AREXVY are not available for immunocompromised individuals. Patients receiving immunosuppressive treatment or patients with immunodeficiency may have a reduced immune response to AREXVY.

7.1 Special Populations

7.1.1 Pregnant Women

There are no data from the use of AREXVY in pregnant women. AREXVY is not recommended during pregnancy.

After administration of an investigational unadjuvanted RSVPreF3 vaccine to 3,557 pregnant women in a single clinical study, an increase in preterm births was observed compared to placebo. Currently no conclusion on a causal relationship between administration of unadjuvanted RSVPreF3 and preterm birth can be drawn.

Fertility

There are no data on the effects of AREXVY on human fertility. Effects on male or female fertility have not been evaluated in animal studies.

7.1.2 Breast-feeding

There are no data on the excretion of AREXVY in human or animal milk. AREXVY is not recommended in breast-feeding/lactating women.

7.1.3 Pediatrics

The safety and efficacy of AREXVY in individuals under 18 years of age have not been assessed in clinical trials.

7.1.4 Geriatrics

Clinical studies include participants 65 years of age and older and their data contributes to the overall assessment of safety and efficacy of AREXVY. See [8 ADVERSE REACTIONS](#) and [14 CLINICAL TRIALS](#).

8 ADVERSE REACTIONS

8.1 Adverse Reaction Overview

The safety profile of AREXVY (Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine Recombinant, Adjuvanted) presented below for participants 60 years of age and older is based on data generated from the first interim safety analysis of the ongoing pivotal Phase III randomized, placebo-controlled, observer-blind, multicentre

clinical trial (RSV OA=ADJ-006, NCT04886596) conducted in Europe, North America (US, Canada and Mexico), Asia, and the Southern Hemisphere (South Africa, Australia, and New Zealand), involving 24,966 participants, 60 years of age and older, who received AREXVY (n = 12,467) or saline placebo (n = 12,499). Study participants are planned to be followed for up to 36 months.

Three additional Phase III studies providing support for the safety profile of AREXVY include:

- a Phase III randomized, open-label, multicentre clinical trial (RSV OA=ADJ-004, NCT04732871) conducted in Europe, North America (US), and Asia, involving 1,653 participants, 60 years of age and older, who received AREXVY;
- a Phase III randomized, open-label, multicentre clinical trial (RSV OA=ADJ-007, NCT04841577) conducted in New Zealand, Panama, and South Africa, involving participants 60 years of age and older who received 1 dose of AREXVY and FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT concomitantly (n = 442) or sequentially (n = 443);
- a Phase III randomized, double-blind, lot-to-lot consistency, multicentre clinical trial (RSV OA=ADJ-009, NCT05059301) conducted in North America (US and Canada) and Europe, involving 757 participants, 60 years of age and older, who received AREXVY.

Table 2 provides the overall adverse drug reactions (ADRs) observed in the main study RSV OA=ADJ-006 with a median follow up of 7.8 months after vaccination. The ADRs are presented by MedDRA system organ class (SOC) and frequency (very common, $\geq 1/10$; common, $\geq 1/100$ to $< 1/10$; uncommon, $\geq 1/1,000$ to $< 1/100$).

Table 2 – Overall adverse drug reactions from Study RSV OA=ADJ-006 (by alphabetical SOC order and frequency)

System Organ Class	Frequency	Adverse drug reactions
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	Uncommon	lymphadenopathy
Gastrointestinal disorders	Uncommon	nausea, abdominal pain
General disorders and administration site conditions	Very common	injection site pain, fatigue
	Common	injection site erythema, injection site swelling, fever, chills
	Uncommon	injection site pruritus pain, malaise
Immune system disorders	Uncommon	hypersensitivity reactions (such as rash)
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders	Very common	myalgia, arthralgia
Nervous system disorders	Very common	headache
Respiratory, thoracic, and mediastinal disorders	Common	rhinorrhea

8.2 Clinical Trial Adverse Reactions

Clinical trials are conducted under very specific conditions. The adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials; therefore, may not reflect the rates observed in practice and should not be compared to the rates in the clinical trials of another drug or vaccine. Adverse reaction information from clinical trials may be useful in identifying and approximating rates of adverse drug reactions in real-world use.

At the time of vaccination in Study RSV OA=ADJ-006, the median age of study participants was 69.0 years; 13,943 (55.8%) adults were 60 to 69 years of age, 8,978 (36.0%) adults were 70 to 79 years of age, and 2,045 (8.2%) adults were 80 years of age and older. The majority of study participants were White (79.4%), followed by Black (8.7%), Asian (7.6%), and other racial/ethnic groups (4.3%); 5.5% were of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity; 51.7% were female.

In study participants 60 years of age and older, the most commonly reported ($\geq 10\%$) adverse reactions were injection site pain (60.9%), fatigue (33.6%), myalgia (28.9%), headache (27.2%), and arthralgia (18.1%).

Solicited Adverse Reactions

In Study RSV OA=ADJ-006, a subset of study participants (solicited safety set) was monitored for solicited adverse reactions using standardized paper diary cards during the 4 days (i.e., day of vaccination and the next 3 days) following a dose of AREXVY or placebo; 879 adults received AREXVY and 874 adults received placebo. The local administration site and systemic adverse reactions reported with AREXVY were in general, mild to moderate, of short duration and transient nature (median duration of 2 days and 1-2 days, respectively) (Table 3).

Table 3 Percentage of Study Participants with Solicited Local Adverse Reactions and Systemic Adverse Reactions within 4 Days of Vaccination in Adults 60 Years of Age and Older (Solicited Safety Set with 4-Day Diary Card) (Study RSV OA=ADJ-006)

Local Adverse Reactions	AREXVY	Placebo ^a
	% (n) N = 879	% (n) N = 874
Pain, Any ^b	60.9% (535)	9.3% (81)
Pain, Grade 3 ^b	1% (9)	0
Erythema, > 20 mm	7.5% (66)	0.8% (7)
Erythema, >100 mm	0.2% (2)	0
Swelling, > 20 mm	5.5 (48)	0.6% (5)
Swelling, >100 mm	0.2% (2)	0
Systemic Adverse Reactions	N = 879	N = 878
Fatigue, Any ^c	33.6% (295)	16.1% (141)
Fatigue, Grade 3 ^c	1.7% (15)	0.5% (4)
Myalgia, Any ^c	28.9% (254)	8.2% (72)
Myalgia, Grade 3 ^c	1.4% (12)	0.3% (3)
Headache, Any ^c	27.2% (239)	12.6% (111)
Headache, Grade 3 ^c	1.3% (11)	0
Arthralgia, Any ^c	18.1% (159)	6.4% (56)
Arthralgia, Grade 3 ^c	1.3% (11)	0.6% (5)
Fever, $\geq 38.0^{\circ}\text{C}^{\text{d}}$	2.0% (18)	0.3% (3)
Fever, $>39.0^{\circ}\text{C}^{\text{d}}$	0.1% (1)	0.1% (1)

N = Exposed set for solicited safety set included all participants with at least 1 documented dose.

n = Number of participants presenting with solicited adverse reaction described.

^a Placebo was a saline solution.

^b Any grade pain: Grade 1 (mild) defined as any pain neither interfering with nor preventing normal everyday activities, Grade 2 (moderate) defined as painful when limb is moved and interferes with everyday activities, or Grade 3 (severe) defined as significant pain at rest and prevents normal everyday activities.

^c Any grade fatigue, myalgia, headache, arthralgia: Grade 1 (mild) defined as event easily tolerated, Grade 2 (moderate) defined as interfering with normal activity, or Grade 3 (severe) defined as preventing normal activity.

^d Temperature taken by any route (oral, axillary, or tympanic).

Unsolicited Adverse Events

In all study participants of RSV OA=ADJ-006, unsolicited adverse events were monitored using paper diary cards during the 30-day period following vaccination (day of vaccination and the next 29 days).

In the solicited safety set or SSS (a subset of the exposure set or ES) of RSV OA=ADJ-006 that reported separately the solicited adverse events on a separate diary card, unsolicited adverse events occurring within 30 days of vaccination were reported in 14.9% and 14.6% of adults who received AREXVY (n = 879) and placebo (n = 878), respectively.

In the exposed set of RSV OA=ADJ-006, unsolicited adverse events occurring within 30 days of vaccination were reported in 33.0% and 17.8% of adults who received AREXVY (n = 12,467) and placebo (n = 12,499), respectively. The higher frequency of reported unsolicited adverse events among participants who received AREXVY, compared to participants who received placebo, is attributed to events that are consistent with local and systemic reactogenicity within the first 4 days post-vaccination (see [Table 4](#)).

Table 4 Summary of Unsolicited AEs with ≥ 1% incidence in Adults 60 Years of Age and Older - onset within 4 days (Day 1 to Day 4) following vaccination and from Day 5 to 30 days post-vaccination (Exposed Set) (Study RSV OA=ADJ-006)

System Organ Class High Level Term Preferred Term	Onset from Day 1 to Day 4				Onset from Day 5 to Day 30			
	AREXVY N=12,467		Placebo ^a N=12,499		AREXVY N=12,467		Placebo ^a N=12,499	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Any Unsolicited AE	3,289	26.4	963	7.7	1,554	12.5	1,574	12.6
General disorders & Administration site conditions	2,830	22.7	402	3.2	201	1.6	195	1.6
Injection site reactions	2,372	19.0	239	1.9	60	0.5	40	0.3
Injection site pain	1,949	15.6	156	1.2	23	0.2	18	0.1
Injection site erythema	441	3.5	22	0.2	12	0.1	5	0.0
Injection site swelling	315	2.5	17	0.1	4	0.0	2	0.0
Asthenic conditions	355	2.8	106	0.8	69	0.6	63	0.6
Fatigue	272	2.2	86	0.7	53	0.4	51	0.4
Febrile disorder	199	1.6	20	0.2	15	0.1	18	0.1
Pyrexia	199	1.6	20	0.2	16	0.1	18	0.1
Feelings and sensations NEC	127	1.0	29	0.2	12	0.1	14	0.1
Pain and discomfort NEC	125	1.0	27	0.1	38	0.3	29	0.2
Vaccination site reactions	138	1.1	7	0.1	11	0.1	8	0.1
Nervous system disorders	582	4.7	255	2.0	266	2.1	248	2.0
Headaches NEC	502	4.0	212	1.7	190	1.5	173	1.4
Headaches	501	4.0	207	1.7	186	1.5	165	1.3
Musculoskeletal & Connective tissue disorders	329	2.6	109	0.9	244	2.0	234	1.9
Muscle pains	128	1.0	24	0.2	26	0.2	31	0.2

System Organ Class High Level Term Preferred Term	Onset from Day 1 to Day 4				Onset from Day 5 to Day 30			
	AREXVY N=12,467		Placebo ^a N=12,499		AREXVY N=12,467		Placebo ^a N=12,499	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Myalgia	128	1.0	24	0.2	25	0.2	31	0.2
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders	208	1.7	159	1.3	313	2.5	301	2.4
Upper respiratory tract signs & symptoms	127	1.0	109	0.9	174	1.4	152	1.2
GI disorders	161	1.3	105	0.8	173	1.4	168	1.3
Infections and infestations	102	0.8	81	0.6	389	3.1	436	3.5
Upper respiratory tract infections	52	0.4	34	0.3	144	1.2	196	1.6

^a Placebo was a saline solution.

N = Number of participants.

n/% = Number/Percentage of participants presenting with at least 1 unsolicited AE.

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified.

Within 30 days after vaccination, atrial fibrillation was reported in 10 participants who received AREXVY and 4 participants who received placebo (of which 7 events in AREXVY arm and 1 event in placebo arm were serious); the onset of symptoms ranged from 1 to 30 days post vaccination. The currently available information on the atrial fibrillation is insufficient to determine a causal relationship to the vaccine. There were no other notable patterns or numerical imbalances between groups for specific categories of unsolicited adverse events.

Potential Immune-Mediated Diseases

Study participants of RSV OA=ADJ-006 were monitored for all potential immune-mediated diseases (pIMDs) that occurred during the 6-month period following administration of AREXVY (n = 12,467) or placebo (n = 12,499). New onset pIMDs or exacerbation of existing pIMDs within 6 months following vaccination were reported for 0.3% of adults who received AREXVY and 0.3% of adults who received placebo. There were no notable imbalance between study groups in individual pIMDs reported.

Serious Adverse Events

Study participants of RSV OA=ADJ-006 were monitored for all serious adverse events (SAEs) that occurred during the 6-month period following administration of AREXVY (n = 12,467) or placebo (n = 12,499). SAEs with onset within 6 months following vaccination were reported in adults who received AREXVY (4.2%) or placebo (4.0%). There were no notable imbalance between study groups in SAEs reported. Serious events of atrial fibrillation were reported in 13 participants who received AREXVY and 15 participants who received placebo within 6 months after vaccination. Based on available information, there is no evidence of causal relationship to AREXVY.

Deaths

From vaccination through the first interim safety analysis of the Study RSV OA=ADJ-006, adverse events leading to death were reported for 49 adults (0.4%) who received AREXVY (n = 12,467) and 58 adults (0.5%) who received placebo (n = 12,499). Based on available information, there is no evidence of causal relationship to AREXVY. Causes of death among study participants were consistent with those generally reported in adult and elderly populations.

Serious Adverse Events Reported from Other Studies

Study RSV OA=ADJ-004 (NCT04732871): One case of Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS) beginning 9 days after AREXVY vaccination was reported in a participant enrolled in a study site in Japan.

Study RSV OA=ADJ-007 (NCT04841577): Suspected acute disseminated encephalomyelitis was reported in 1 participant enrolled in a study site in South Africa with the onset of the symptoms 22 days post vaccination. The event was non-fatal. The participant received AREXVY concomitantly with FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT.

9 DRUG INTERACTIONS

9.4 Drug-Drug Interactions

Use with other vaccines: AREXVY may be given concomitantly with inactivated quadrivalent seasonal influenza vaccine (standard dose, unadjuvanted) (see [14 CLINICAL TRIALS](#)).

If AREXVY is to be given at the same time as another injectable vaccine, the vaccines should always be administered at different injection sites. Do not mix AREXVY with other vaccines/products in the same syringe.

Concomitant administration of AREXVY with other vaccines are unknown.

10 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

10.1 Mechanism of Action

AREXVY is designed to enhance antigen-specific cellular immune response and humoral immune responses including neutralizing antibodies against RSV-A and RSV-B subtypes. The F glycoprotein is the main surface virus antigen, facilitating entry into the host cell and is highly conserved across RSV-A and RSV-B subtypes. The F glycoprotein vaccine antigen has been engineered to maintain the prefusion form (RSVPreF3) as it elicits more potent neutralizing antibodies compared to the post-fusion form. The adjuvant AS01_E in AREXVY facilitates the recruitment and activation of the RSVPreF3 antigen presenting cells carrying vaccine-derived antigens in the draining lymph node. This in turn leads to the generation and enhancement of RSVPreF3-specific CD4⁺ T cells (see [14 Clinical Trials](#)).

11 STORAGE, STABILITY AND DISPOSAL

Store in a refrigerator (2°C – 8°C). Do not freeze. Discard if the vial has been frozen.

Store in the original package in order to protect from light.

For storage conditions after reconstitution of AREXVY, see [12 SPECIAL HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS](#).

12 SPECIAL HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

AREXVY must not be mixed with other medicinal products, vaccines or diluents.

The powder and suspension of AREXVY should be inspected visually for any foreign particulate matter and/or variation of appearance. If either is observed, do not reconstitute the vaccine.

After reconstitution, AREXVY should be used promptly; if not possible, the vaccine should be stored in the refrigerator (2°C – 8°C) or at room temperature up to 25°C. If not used within 4 hours it should be discarded ([11 STORAGE, STABILITY, AND DISPOSAL](#)).

Any unused AREXVY should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

PART II: SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION

13 PHARMACEUTICAL INFORMATION

Proper name: Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Vaccine (recombinant, AS01_E adjuvanted)

Product Characteristics

After reconstitution, AREXVY (Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine Recombinant, Adjuvanted) is a sterile suspension for intramuscular injection.

AREXVY is supplied as a single-dose vial of lyophilized recombinant respiratory syncytial virus glycoprotein F stabilized in pre-fusion conformation (RSVPreF3) antigen component, which must be reconstituted at the time of use with the accompanying vial of AS01_E adjuvant suspension component. The lyophilized RSVPreF3 antigen component is presented in the form of a sterile white powder. The AS01_E adjuvant suspension component is an opalescent, colorless to pale brownish sterile liquid supplied in single-dose vials.

The RSVPreF3 antigen component is obtained by culturing genetically engineered Chinese Hamster Ovary cells in media containing no albumin, antibiotics, or animal-derived proteins. The RSVPreF3 protein is purified by several chromatographic steps, formulated with excipients, filled into single-dose vials, and lyophilized.

The adjuvant suspension component is AS01_E, which is composed of 3-*O*-desacyl-4'-monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL) from *Salmonella minnesota* and QS-21, a saponin purified from plant extract *Quillaja saponaria* Molina, combined in a liposomal formulation. The liposomes are composed of dioleoyl phosphatidylcholine (DOPC) and cholesterol in a phosphate-buffered saline solution containing disodium phosphate anhydrous, potassium dihydrogen phosphate, sodium chloride, and water for injection.

For more information, see [Table 1](#).

14 CLINICAL TRIALS

14.1 Clinical Trials by Indication

Table 5 Summary of patient demographics for clinical trials in adults 60 years and older

Study #	Trial design	Dosage, Route of Administration and Duration	Vaccinated Study participants, including Canadian participants (number)	Mean age (Range)	Gender
Efficacy Study					
RSV OA=ADJ-006 (NCT04886596)	Phase III, randomized, placebo-controlled observer-blind study	1 dose of AREXVY, month 0	24,966 total; 1923 Canadian participants (12,467 RSV; 12,499 placebo)	69.5 years (59 to 102 years)	51.7% female
Immunogenicity Studies					
RSV OA=ADJ-004 (NCT 04732871)	Phase III immunogenicity and safety study	1 dose of AREXVY at months 0-12-24; 1 dose of AREXVY at month 0 and at timepoint to be determined; 1 dose of AREXVY at month 0	1,653 total (996 RSV annual dose; 329 RSV flexible revaccination; 331 RSV 1 dose)	70.0 years (59 to 92 years)	54.6% female
RSV OA=ADJ-007 (NCT04841577)	Phase III, open-label, coadministration with influenza vaccine study	1 dose of AREXVY and FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT co-administration group, month 0; 1 dose of FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT control group, month 0 followed by 1 dose of AREXVY, month 1	885 total (442 co-administration group; 443 control group)	68.5 years (59 to 106 years)	51.5% female

Efficacy in Adults 60 Years of Age and Older

Phase III Study RSV OA=ADJ-006 (NCT04886596)

Efficacy of AREXVY against RSV-associated LRTD in adults 60 years and older is evaluated in Study RSV OA=ADJ-006, an ongoing Phase III, randomised, placebo-controlled, observer-blind clinical study conducted in 17 countries from Northern and Southern Hemispheres. Study participants are planned to be followed for up to 36 months. Adults with pre-existing, chronic, stable disease, with or without specified treatment, such as diabetes, hypertension, or cardiac disease were allowed to participate in the study if considered by the investigator as medically stable at the time of vaccination.

The primary population for efficacy analysis (referred to as the modified Exposed Set, included adults 60 years of age and older receiving 1 dose of AREXVY or placebo and who did not report an RSV-confirmed acute respiratory illness (ARI) prior to Day 15 after vaccination) included 24,960 participants randomised equally to receive 1 dose of AREXVY (N = 12,466) or placebo (N = 12,494). ARI was defined by the presence of at least 2 respiratory symptoms/signs for at least 24 hours, or at least 1 respiratory

symptom/sign and 1 systemic symptom/sign (fever or feverishness, fatigue, body aches, headache, decreased appetite) for at least 24 hours.

The median age of participants was 69 years (range: 59 to 102 years), with approximately 74% over 65 years of age, approximately 44% over 70 years of age and approximately 8% over 80 years of age. Approximately 52% were female. 79.4% were White, 8.7% were Black, 7.6% were Asian, and 4.3% were of other racial/ethnic groups (including 5.5% were of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity).

At baseline, 39.3% of study participants had at least one comorbidity of interest; 19.7% of study participants had an underlying cardiorespiratory condition (COPD, asthma, any chronic respiratory/pulmonary disease, or chronic heart failure) and 25.8% of study participants had endocrinometabolic conditions (diabetes (Type I/II), advanced liver or renal disease).

Efficacy against RSV-associated LRTD

The primary objective of RSV OA=ADJ-006 was to demonstrate the efficacy of AREXVY in the prevention of a first episode of confirmed RSV-A and/or B associated LRTD during the first season. Confirmed RSV cases were determined by quantitative Reverse Transcription Polymerase Chain Reaction (qRT-PCR) on nasopharyngeal swab. LRTD was defined based on the following criteria: the participant must have experienced at least 2 lower respiratory symptoms/signs including at least 1 lower respiratory sign for at least 24 hours, or experienced at least 3 lower respiratory symptoms for at least 24 hours. Lower respiratory symptoms included: new or increased sputum, new or increased cough, new or increased dyspnea (shortness of breath). Lower respiratory signs included: new or increased wheezing, crackles/ronchi, respiratory rate ≥ 20 respirations/min, low or decreased oxygen saturation (O_2 saturation $< 95\%$ or $\leq 90\%$ if baseline is $< 95\%$) or need for oxygen supplementation.

The primary endpoint for vaccine efficacy was defined as the first occurrence of RT-PCR-confirmed RSV-A and/or B-associated LRTD with an onset from 15 days after vaccination, according to the case definition.

The primary vaccine efficacy analysis was case-driven and was performed with 47 cases of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)-confirmed lower respiratory tract diseases (LRTD) accrued in the primary cohort for efficacy. At the time of the primary efficacy analysis, study participants had been followed for the development of RSV-associated LRTD for a median of 6.7 months (up to 10 months follow-up). The vaccine efficacy overall and by subgroups is presented in [Table 6](#).

Table 6 Efficacy Analysis: First RSV-associated LRTD overall, by age and co-morbidity subgroups (RSV OA=ADJ-006, modified Exposed Set)

Subgroup	AREXVY			Placebo			% Efficacy ^a (CI) ^b
	N	n	Incidence Rate per 1,000 Person-Years	N	n	Incidence Rate per 1,000 Person-Years	
Overall (≥ 60 years)^b	12,466	7	1.0	12,494	40	5.8	82.6 (57.9, 94.1)
60-69 years	6,963	4	1.0	6,979	21	5.5	81.0 (43.6, 95.3)
70-79 years	4,487	1	0.4	4,487	16	6.5	93.8 (60.2, 99.9)
Participants with at least 1 comorbidity of interest	4,937	1	0.4	4,861	18	6.6	94.6 (65.9, 99.9)

^a Based on relative risk reduction versus placebo (Confidence Interval 96.95% for overall; 95% for all subgroups) for vaccine efficacy is derived based on Poisson model adjusted by age categories and regions.

^b Primary confirmatory objective with pre-specified success criterion of lower limit of the 2-sided CI for vaccine efficacy above 20%.

N = Number of participants included in each group.

n = Number of participants having first occurrence of RSV-confirmed LRTD occurring from Day 15 post vaccination.

Compared with placebo, AREXVY significantly reduced the risk of developing RSV associated LRTD in participants 60 years of age and older (see [Table 6](#)).

The vaccine efficacy against RSV A-associated LRTD cases and RSV B-associated LRTD cases was 84.6% (95% CI [32.1, 98.3]) and 80.9% (95% CI [49.4, 94.3]), respectively.

Compared with placebo, AREXVY significantly reduced the risk of developing RSV-associated LRTD by 84.4% (95% CI [46.9, 97.0]) in participants 70 years of age and older. The vaccine efficacy in the subgroup of participants 80 years of age and older (1,016 participants in AREXVY vs 1,028 participants in placebo) cannot be concluded due to the low number of total cases accrued (2 cases in the AREXVY group and 3 cases in the placebo group).

Severe RSV-associated LRTD were defined as RT-PCR confirmed RSV-associated LRTD with at least 2 lower respiratory signs, or as RT-PCR confirmed RSV-associated LRTD episode assessed as “severe” by the investigator. Amongst 18 RSV-LRTD cases with at least 2 lower respiratory signs or preventing everyday activities, there were 4 cases of severe RSV-LRTD, requiring supplemental oxygen in the placebo group, and none in the RSVPreF3 group.

14.3 Immunogenicity

No correlate of protection with immunogenicity of AREXVY has been established.

Immunogenicity in Adults 60 Years of Age and Older

Phase III Study RSV OA=ADJ-004 (NCT04732871)

AREXVY was evaluated in a Phase III immunogenicity, safety, reactogenicity and persistence study RSV OA=ADJ-004 (NCT04732871) in adults 60 years and older to assess the humoral immune response at month 1 (N=940 for RSV-A and N=941 for RSV-B), and at month 6 (N=928 for RSV-A and N=929 for RSV-

B). The cell-mediated immune responses were also evaluated at pre-vaccination (N=471), at month 1 (N=410) and at month 6 (N=440).

The geometric mean increase of the RSV-A and RSV-B neutralizing titers compared to pre-vaccination were 10.5-fold (95% CI [9.9, 11.2]) and 7.8-fold (95% CI [7.4, 8.3]) at 1-month post-vaccination, respectively, and 4.4-fold (95% CI [4.2, 4.6]) and 3.5-fold (95% CI [3.4, 3.7]) at 6-months post-vaccination, respectively. The median frequency (percentile [25th, 75th]) of the RSVPref3-specific CD4+ T-cells (per million of CD4+ T cells) was 1339.0 (829.0, 2136.0) 1-month post-vaccination and 666.0 (428.0, 1049.5) 6-months post-vaccination as compared to 191.0 (71.0, 365.0) pre-vaccination.

Immunogenicity following concomitant vaccination

Phase III Study RSV OA=ADJ-007 (NCT04841577)

In an open-label Phase III clinical study RSV OA=ADJ-007 (NCT04841577), adults 60 years of age and older received 1 dose of AREXVY and the FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT inactivated seasonal influenza vaccine (Flu Quadrivalent containing a combined total of 60 micrograms Hemagglutinin (HA) per dose) at month 0 (N = 442), or 1 dose of FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT at month 0 followed by a dose of AREXVY at month 1 (N = 443).

The criteria for non-inferiority of the immune responses in the FLUARIX QUADRIVALENT group versus co-administration group were met as the 2-sided 95% confidence interval upper limits on the group geometric mean titer ratios were below 1.50 for the RSV-A neutralizing antibodies and haemagglutinin inhibition antibodies against the strains Flu A/Hong Kong/H3N2, Flu A/Victoria/H1N1, Flu B/Phuket/Yamagata, and Flu B/Washington/Victoria. There was no evidence for statistical significant interference in the immune response to any of the antigens contained in both co-administered vaccines, however, numerically lower RSV A and B neutralising titres and numerically lower influenza A and B haemagglutination inhibition titres were observed when AREXVY and inactivated seasonal influenza vaccine were co-administered than when they were administered separately. The clinical relevance of this finding is unknown.

15 MICROBIOLOGY

No microbiological information is required for this vaccine.

16 NON-CLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

General Toxicology: Non-clinical data reveal no special hazards for humans based on repeated dose toxicity studies in rabbits.

Carcinogenicity: AREXVY has not been evaluated for its carcinogenic or mutagenic potential or for impairment of fertility.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicology: Non-clinical reproductive and developmental studies with AREXVY have not been evaluated and the impacts on fertility, pregnancy, embryo-foetal development, parturition, or postnatal development are not known.

PATIENT MEDICATION INFORMATION

READ THIS FOR SAFE AND EFFECTIVE USE OF YOUR MEDICINE

AREXVY

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) vaccine (recombinant, AS01_E adjuvanted)

Reconstituted Suspension for Intramuscular Injection

Read this carefully as it provides important information about **AREXVY**. This leaflet is a summary and will not tell you everything about this vaccine. Talk to your healthcare professional about your medical condition and treatment and ask if there is any new information about **AREXVY**.

What is AREXVY used for?

AREXVY is a vaccine that helps to protect adults 60 years of age and older from lower lung disease caused by respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).

RSV is a common highly contagious respiratory virus, causing infections of the lungs and breathing passages. RSV causes yearly outbreaks of respiratory infections in Canada from late fall to early spring.

RSV infection can happen at any age, and usually causes mild, cold-like symptoms. But it can also cause more serious respiratory illness, as well as make some illnesses and conditions worse in older adults. Older adults who experience a natural decrease in immunity due to aging, adults with weakened immune systems, and adults with underlying chronic conditions such as respiratory (such as asthma, COPD), heart, metabolic (such as diabetes) and advanced liver or kidney diseases) are at higher risk of severe outcomes from RSV such as pneumonia, new or worsening of underlying chronic conditions (such as asthma, COPD, congestive heart failure), heart attack and stroke that can lead to hospital stays or even death.

Speak with your healthcare professional to understand your risk of RSV.

How does AREXVY work?

AREXVY helps the body make antibodies and white blood cells to significantly reduce the chance of getting a RSV lower lung infection caused by RSV-A or RSV-B subtypes in adults aged 60 years and older.

As AREXVY does not contain the RSV virus, it cannot cause an infection.

As with all vaccines, AREXVY may not fully protect all people who are vaccinated.

What are the ingredients in AREXVY?

Medicinal ingredient: Each dose (0.5 mL) of AREXVY contains 120 micrograms of RSVPreF3 powder.

The AS01_E adjuvant is used to improve the body's response to the vaccine and is composed of the plant extract *Quillaja saponaria* Molina, fraction 21 (QS-21) (25 micrograms) and 3-O-desacyl-4'-monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL) from *Salmonella minnesota* (25 micrograms).

Non-medicinal ingredients: Each dose (0.5 mL) of AREXVY contains cholesterol, dioleoyl phosphatidylcholine, dipotassium phosphate, disodium phosphate anhydrous, MPL, polysorbate 80, potassium dihydrogen phosphate, QS-21, sodium chloride, trehalose dihydrate, and water for injection.

AREXVY comes in the following dosage forms:

AREXVY is available as a suspension for intramuscular injection. AREXVY comes in two (2) single-dose vials to be mixed together to prepare a single-dose (0.5 mL) injection.

Do not use AREXVY if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to any of the ingredients contained in AREXVY (see What are the ingredients in AREXVY). Signs of an allergic reaction may include itchy skin rash, shortness of breath and swelling of the face or tongue.

To help avoid side effects and ensure proper use, talk to your healthcare professional before AREXVY is given to you. Talk about any health conditions or problems you may have, including if you have:

- A severe infection with a high temperature. In these cases, the vaccination may be postponed until recovery. A minor infection such as a cold, including mild fever, should not be a problem, tell your healthcare professional first.
- A bleeding problem or bruise easily.
- Fainted with a previous injection or before receiving any needle injection.

Other warnings you should know about:

- Do not drive or use machines if you are feeling unwell.

Pediatrics (< 18 years of age):

- AREXVY is not indicated for use in infants, children and adolescents under 18 years old.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding:

- There is no information on the use of AREXVY in pregnant or breast-feeding women.
- AREXVY is not recommended for use in pregnancy or in breast-feeding women.

Tell your healthcare professional about all the medicines you take, including any drugs, vitamins, minerals, natural supplements or alternative medicines. The following may interact with AREXVY:

- Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription, or have recently received any other vaccine.

How to take AREXVY:

AREXVY must be reconstituted prior to administration. The reconstituted vaccine is an opalescent, colourless to pale brownish liquid.

- AREXVY is given as a single injection of 0.5 mL into a muscle (usually in the upper arm).
- AREXVY may be given at the same time as an inactivated seasonal influenza vaccine.
- If AREXVY is given at the same time as another vaccine, a different injection site will be used for each vaccine.

Usual dose:

AREXVY is given as a single dose of 0.5 mL as an injection.

Overdose:

Contact a healthcare professional, hospital emergency department, or regional poison control centre immediately.

What are possible side effects from using AREXVY?

Like all medicines, AREXVY can cause side effects, although not everyone gets them.

The following side effects may occur after receiving AREXVY. Most side effects are mild and moderate, and do not last long (usually 1 to 2 days). These are not all the possible side effects you may have when taking AREXVY.

Very common (these may occur with more than 1 in 10 doses of the vaccine):

- pain at the injection site
- tiredness
- headache
- muscle pain (myalgia) and joint pain (arthralgia)

Common (these may occur with up to 1 in 10 doses of the vaccine):

- redness and swelling at the injection site, fever, chills
- runny nose (rhinorrhea)

Uncommon (these may occur with up to 1 in 100 doses of the vaccine):

- injection site itching (pruritus), pain, generally feeling unwell
- swelling of lymph nodes (lymphadenopathy)
- allergic reaction such as rash
- feeling sick (nausea), stomach pain

If any of the side effects get serious or becomes bad enough to interfere with your daily activities, you have a troublesome symptom or side effect that is not listed here, tell your healthcare professional.

Reporting Suspected Side Effects for Vaccines

For the general public: Should you experience a side effect following immunization, please report it to your healthcare professional.

Should you require information related to the management of the side effect, please contact your healthcare professional. The Public Health Agency of Canada, Health Canada and GlaxoSmithKline Inc. cannot provide medical advice.

For healthcare professionals: If a patient experiences a side effect following immunization, please complete the Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI) Form appropriate for your province/territory (<http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/im/aefi-essi-form-eng.php>) and send it to your local Health Unit.

Storage:

Store AREXVY in the original package to protect from light, in a refrigerator at 2°C to 8°C (do not freeze).

Keep out of reach and sight of children.

If you want more information about AREXVY:

- Talk to your healthcare professional
- Find the full product monograph that is prepared for healthcare professionals and includes this

Patient Medication Information by visiting the Health Canada website:
(<https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/drugs-health-products/drug-products/drug-product-database.html>); the manufacturer's website [www.gsk.ca], or by calling the manufacturer at 1-800-387-7374.

This leaflet was prepared by GlaxoSmithKline Inc.

Last Revised: August 2023

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